



DELIVERABLE REPORT

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Coordinator:	Fraunhofer ICT Jens Noack Tel: 0049 721 4640 870 E-mail: jens.noack@ict.fraunhofer.de
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1 Introduction

This deliverable describes the kinetic Monte Carlo software developed in WP3 for Task 3.1, Task 3.3 and Task 3.4.[1] The software is uploaded to the GitHub in the following repositories (Figure 1.):

https://github.com/Jessy-YU-Aws/SONAR_Deliverable3.8

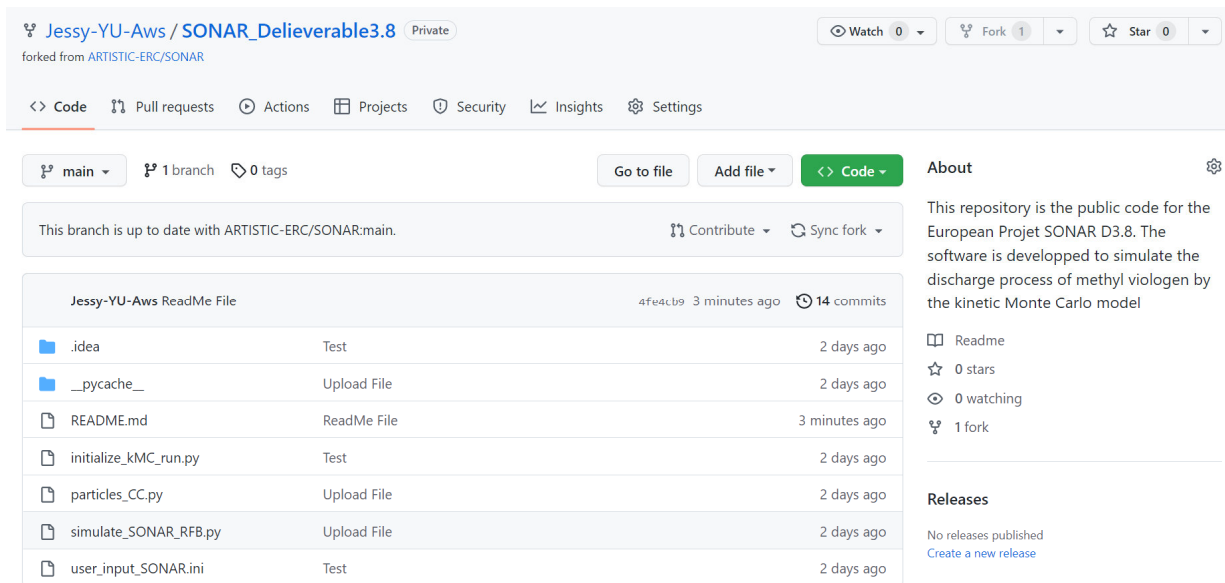


Figure 1. Screenshot of the Github repository.

2 KMC model for users

This python coded model aims to simulate the discharge of the anode materials in a redox flow battery system. The default material is methyl viologen. The discharging process is simulated by kinetic Monte Carlo algorithm. In each iteration, the algorithm chooses one event to execute and update the system configuration.

The main function is written in the 'simulate_SONAR_RFB.py'. The related kinetic Monte Carlo algorithm is coded in the 'particles_CC.py'. The 'initialize_kMC_run.py' is for initialization the input parameters. The input parameters can be altered in 'user_input_SONAR.ini'



There will be three output files. The output file with '.txt' records the simulation results, including the simulation time, time step, electrode charge density, the potential drop through the compact layer, the potential on the interface between the compact layer and the diffuse layer, and the type of events. The output file with '.xyz' records the location of each ions. To visualise the 3D configuration of the simulation box, users can use the software Ovito to process. The output file with '.log' is the logfile which doesn't contain simulation results.

To launch a simulation, users need to type the following line in the terminal : 'python simulate_SONAR_RFB.py'

3 Next steps

Different branches will be added to the repository, including the post-processing code, the kMC based mean square displacement model developed in Task 3.5, and another Butler-Volmer equation combined with kMC model.



4 References

1. Yu, J., Shukla, G., Fornari, R.P., Arcelus, O., Shodiev, A., Silva, P. De, and Franco, A.A. (2022) Gaining Insight into the Electrochemical Interface Dynamics in an Organic Redox Flow Battery with a Kinetic Monte Carlo Approach. **2107720**, 1–13.